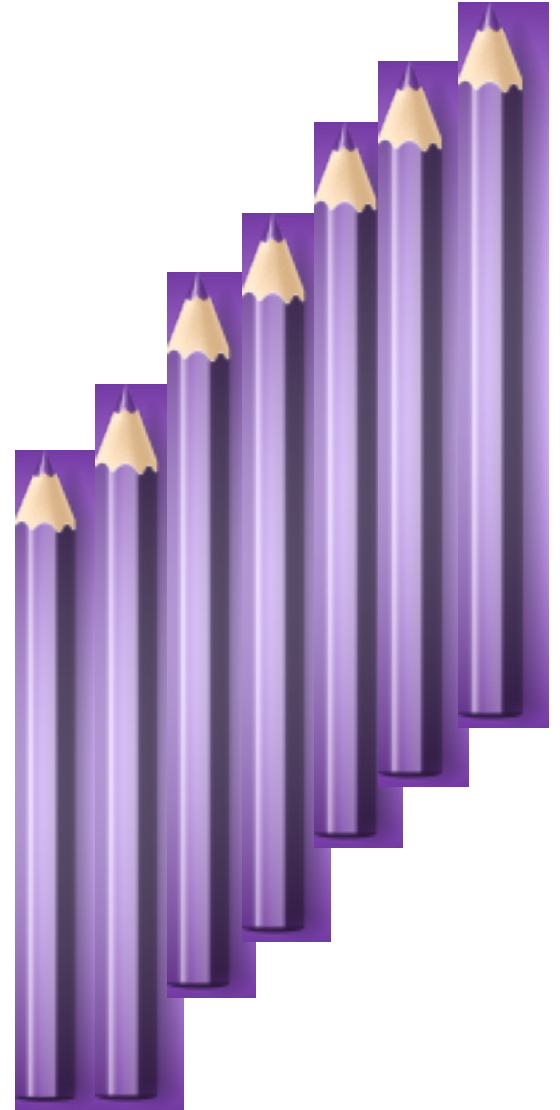
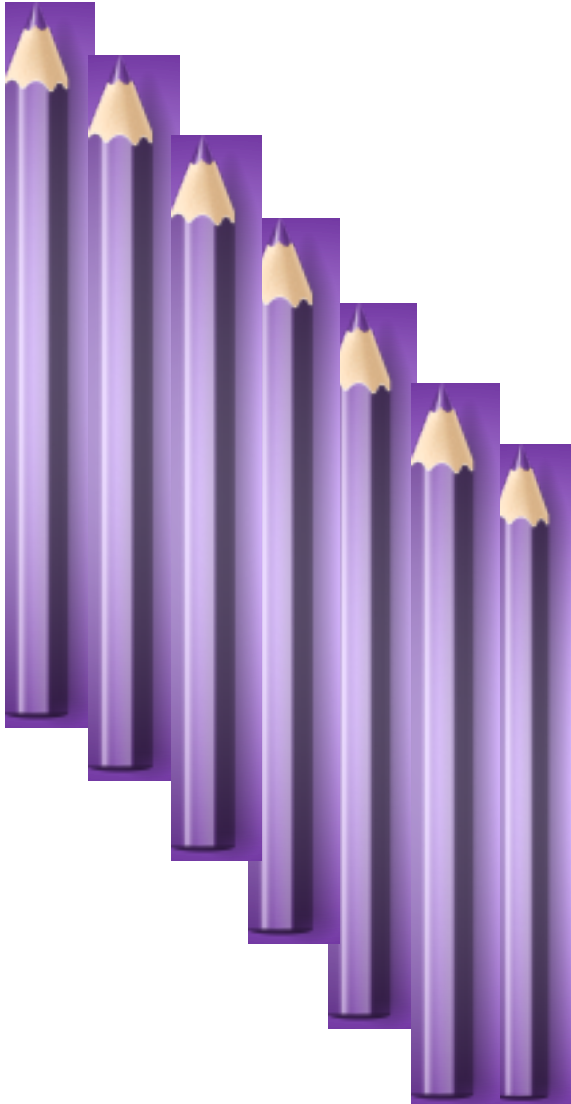
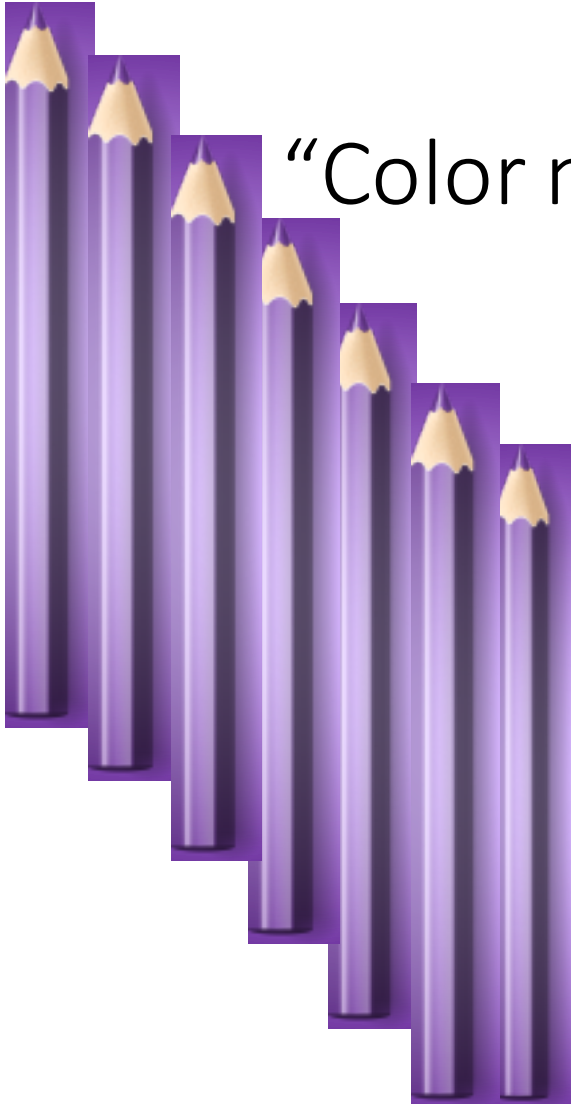
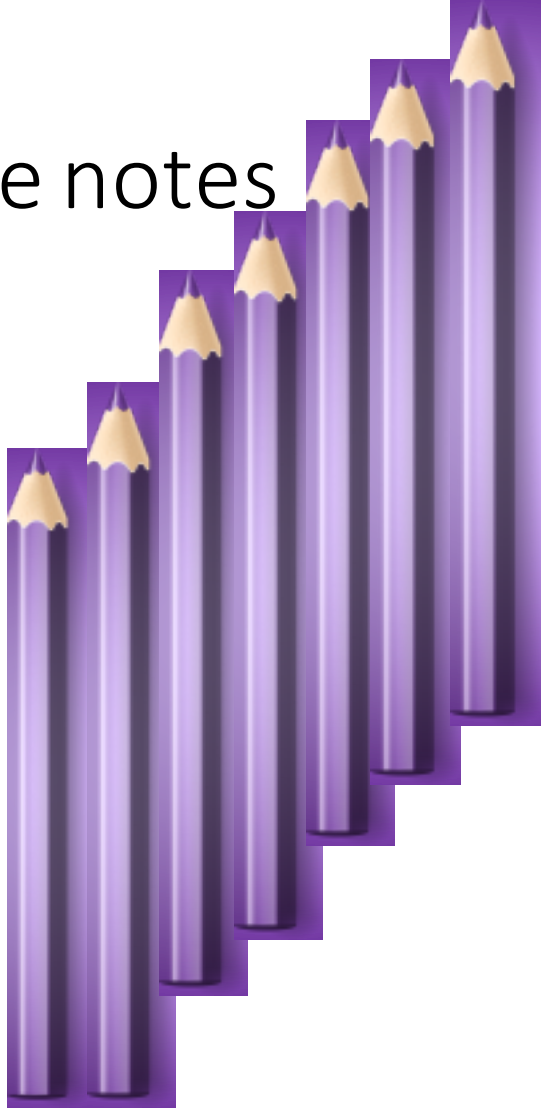


COLOR





You will be using your  
“Color notes” worksheet to take notes  
from this presentation



**YOU MUST USE the same COLOR  
PENCIL or color gel pen you used  
for the term Color in your  
Elements of Art worksheet for  
these notes.**

# GROUPS



▼ You may use different colors to write in the terms for color

<b>1. <u>Primary</u></b> Cannot be made by mixing the other colors	Red	
	Yellow	
	Blue	
<b>2. <u>Secondary</u></b> Made by mixing equal parts of two <b>primary colors</b>	Orange	
	Green	
	Violet	
<b>3. <u>Intermediate/Tertiary</u></b> Made by mixing equal parts of one <b>primary color</b> and one <b>secondary color</b> . When you only have primary colors the ratio is $\frac{1}{4}$ one color with $\frac{3}{4}$ of the other color	Red-Orange	
	Red-Violet	
	Yellow -Green	
	Yellow -Orange	
	Blue-Green	
	Blue- Violet	
<b>4. <u>Neutral</u></b> (not found on a color wheel!)	Black, White, Gray	



# Scheme

What is a  
Color  
Scheme?

A **color scheme** is an association of colors based on an organizational system.  
In other words  
A **Plan** on how colors will be used.

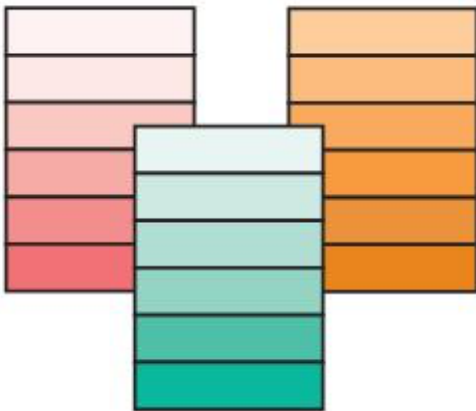
In this space you will add your own illustrations. You may not just copy the illustrations in this presentation!



# Schemes



## Monochromatic



ONE color is used with Tints and Shades

Examples:

1. Pink, Red, Burgundy
2. Baby blue, Blue, Navy

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# Schemes



## Complementary



Two colors that are opposite on the color wheel.

In this space you will add your own illustrations. You may not just copy the illustrations in this presentation!



# Schemes



## Split-Complement



Is a variation of the complementary color scheme. In addition to the base color, it uses the two colors adjacent to its complement.

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# Schemes



## Analogous



Three to five colors that are next to each other on the color wheel. They share a common hue.

Example: Orange, Yellow-orange, Yellow, Yellow-Green, Green

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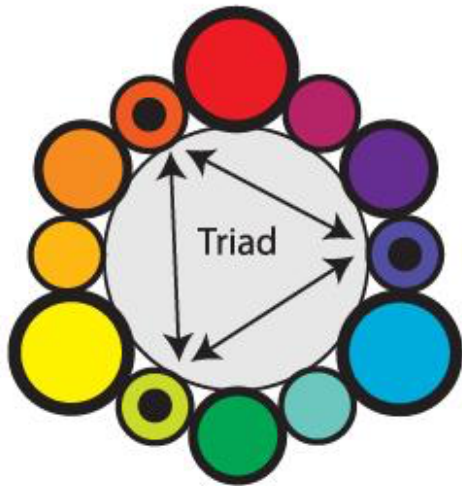




# Schemes



## Triadic/Triadic



Uses colors that are evenly spaced around the color wheel. Think equilateral triangle

Correct combinations

1. R, Y, B
2. RO, BV, YG
3. O, G, V
4. YO, RV, BG

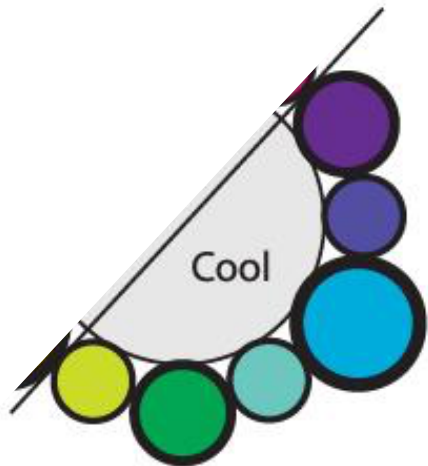
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# Schemes



## Cool



Cool colors give an impression of calm, and create a soothing impression.

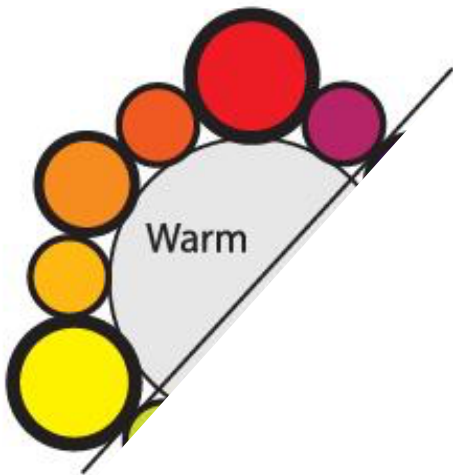
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# Schemes



## Warm



Warm colors are vivid and energetic, and tend to advance in space.

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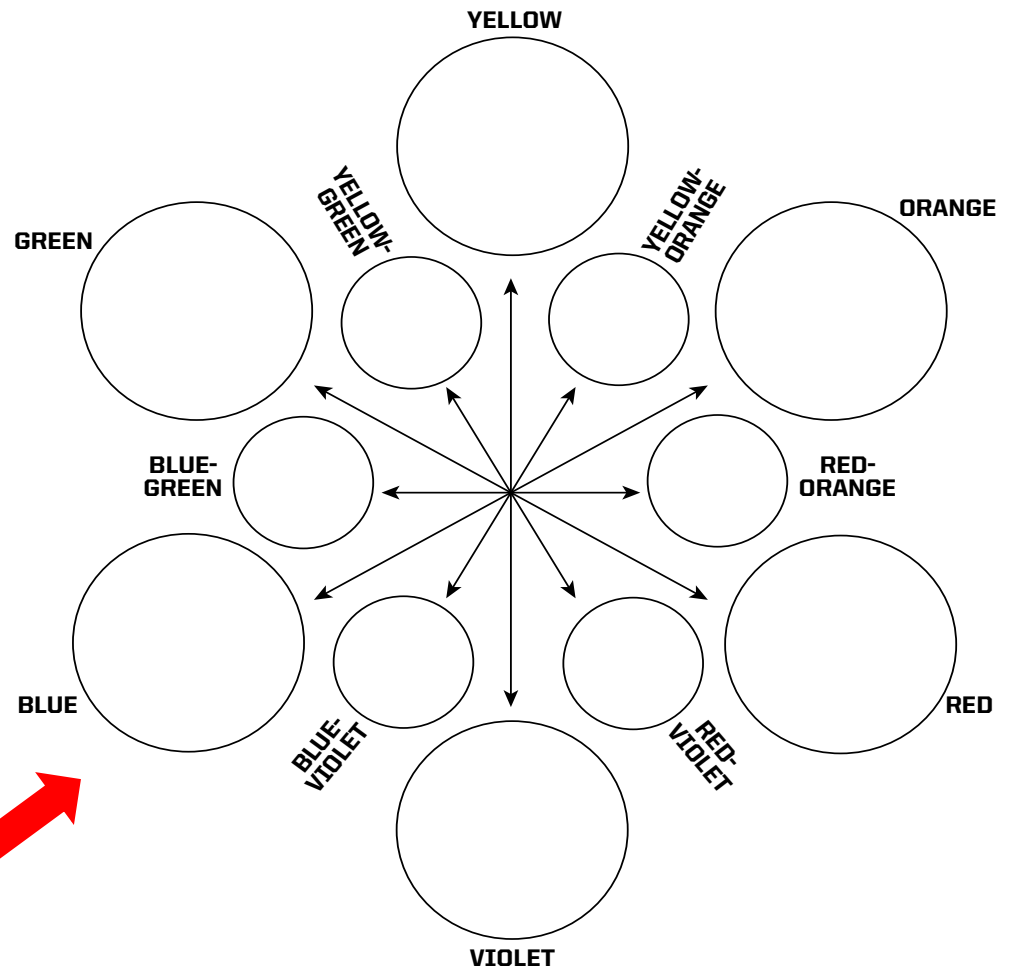


## What is a color wheel?

The color wheel is a visual representation of colors arranged according to their chromatic relationship.

A tool used by artist to plan how colors will be used in their artwork.

Color in the color wheel by using just primary color pencils. You will be mixing the primary colors to create all of the other colors. This is best done by doing layers of colors on top of each other.



# COLOR

You have now finished your written part of the Cornell notes on COLOR.

Now you need to add your own illustrations to help you remember the notes.

When finished, turn in your paper or upload your work into Focus for grading!

